



From Model-Driven Development to Graph Transformations and Back Again

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SegraVis Advanced Summer School

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Leicester, UK



OR:



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MOF
Meta-Object Facility

+

FUSABA
Tool Suite

OR:

„Smuggling“ (Fujaba's) Graph Transformations
into the World of OMG Standards

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OR:


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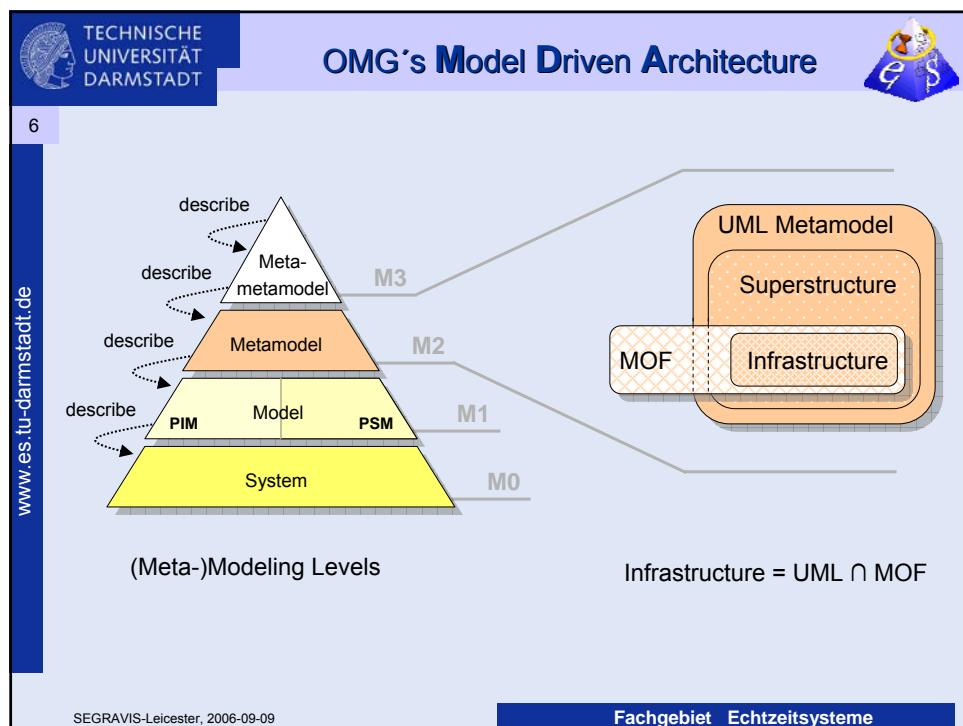
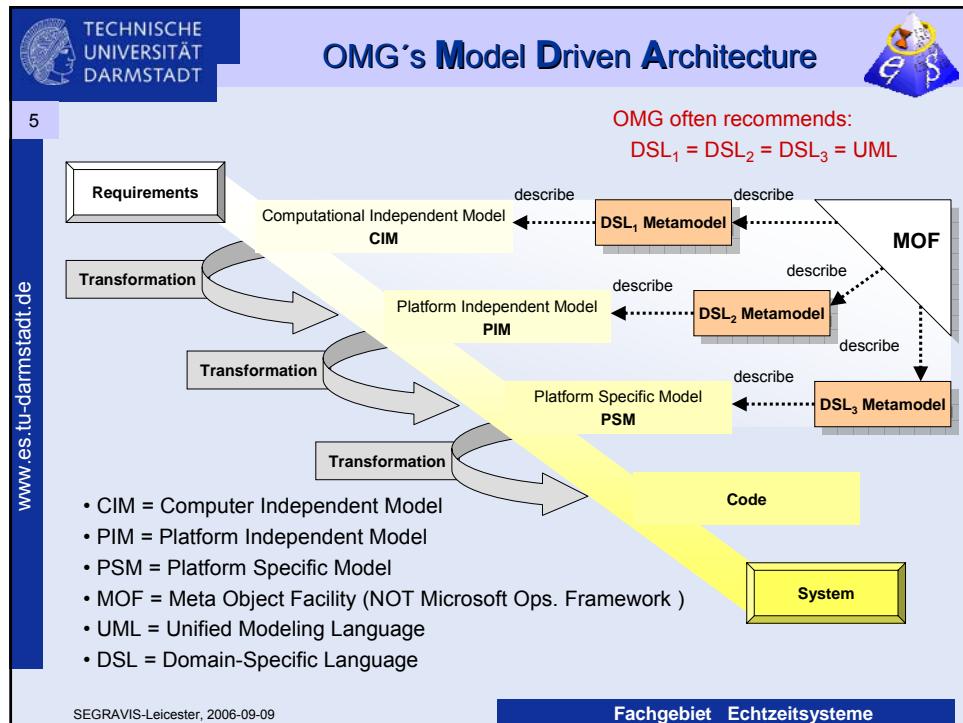
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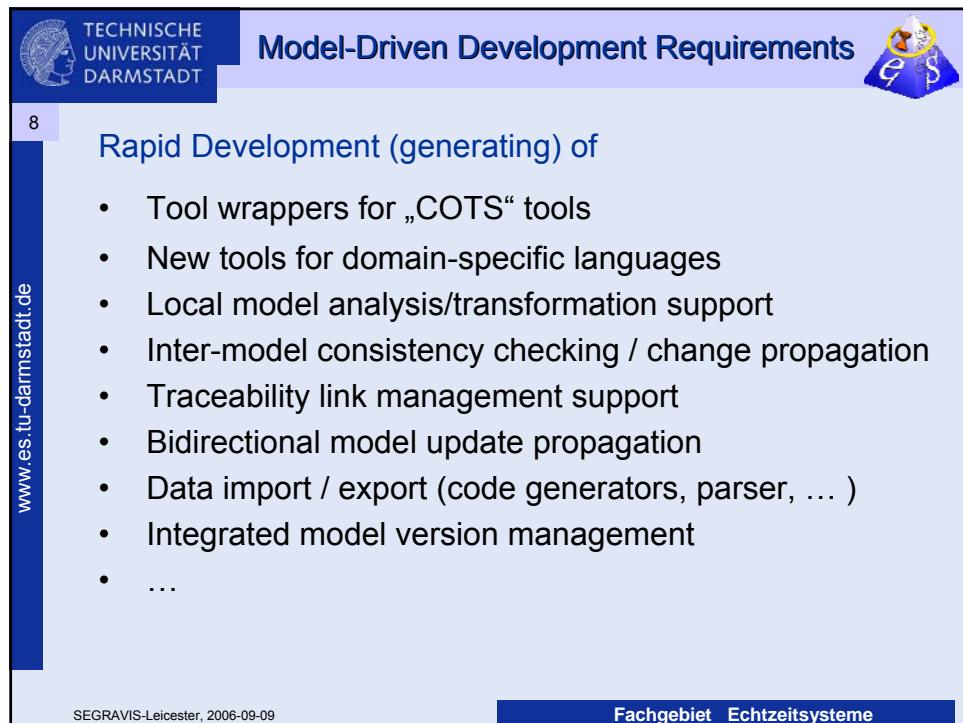
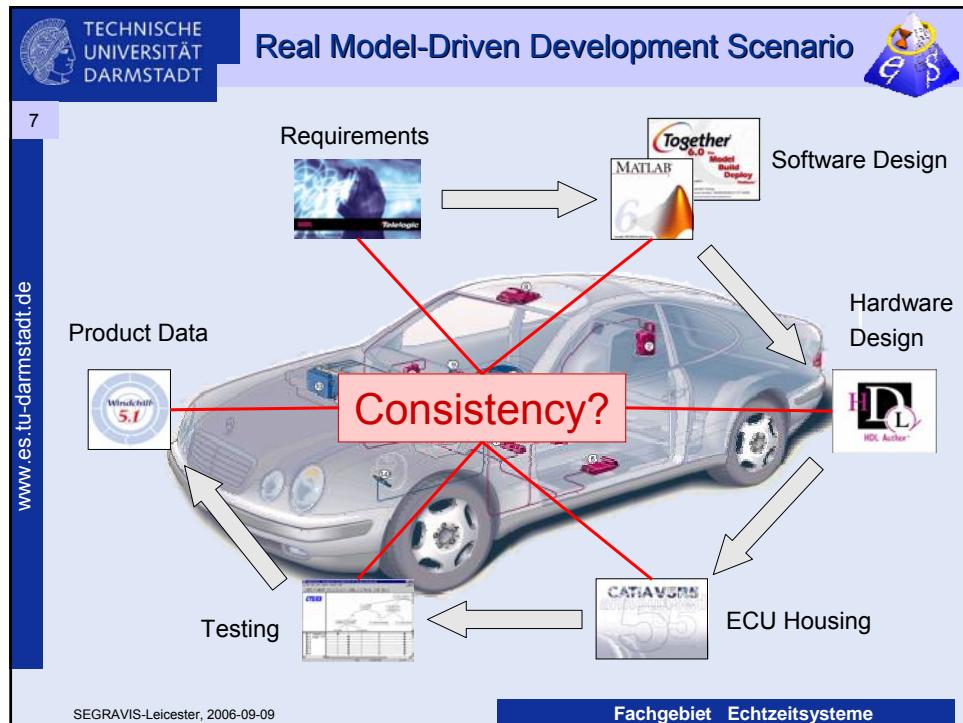
Outline of Presentation

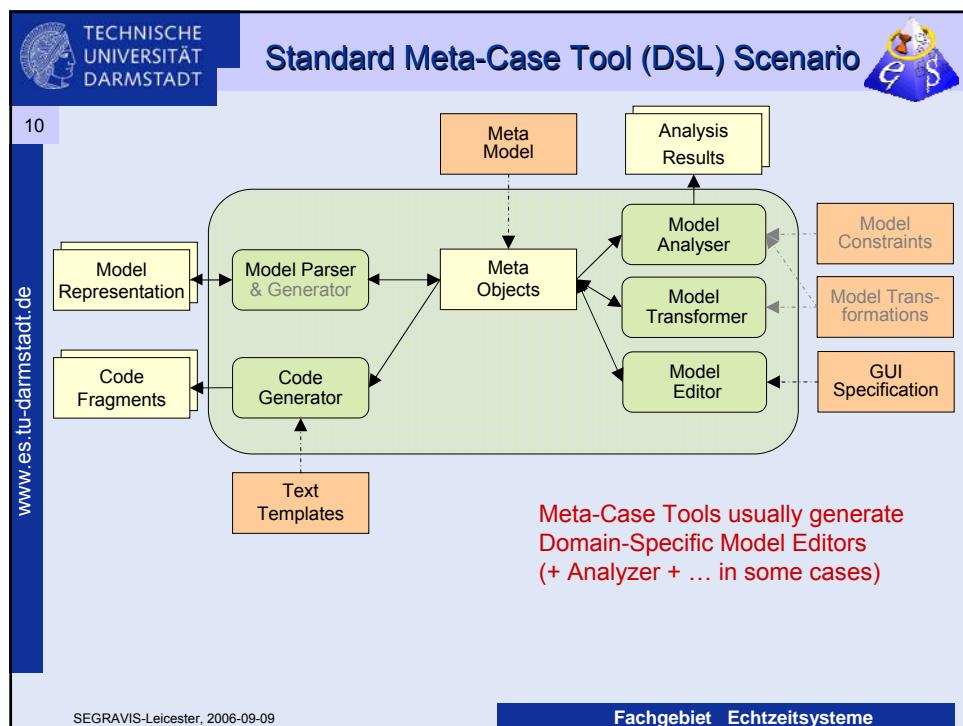
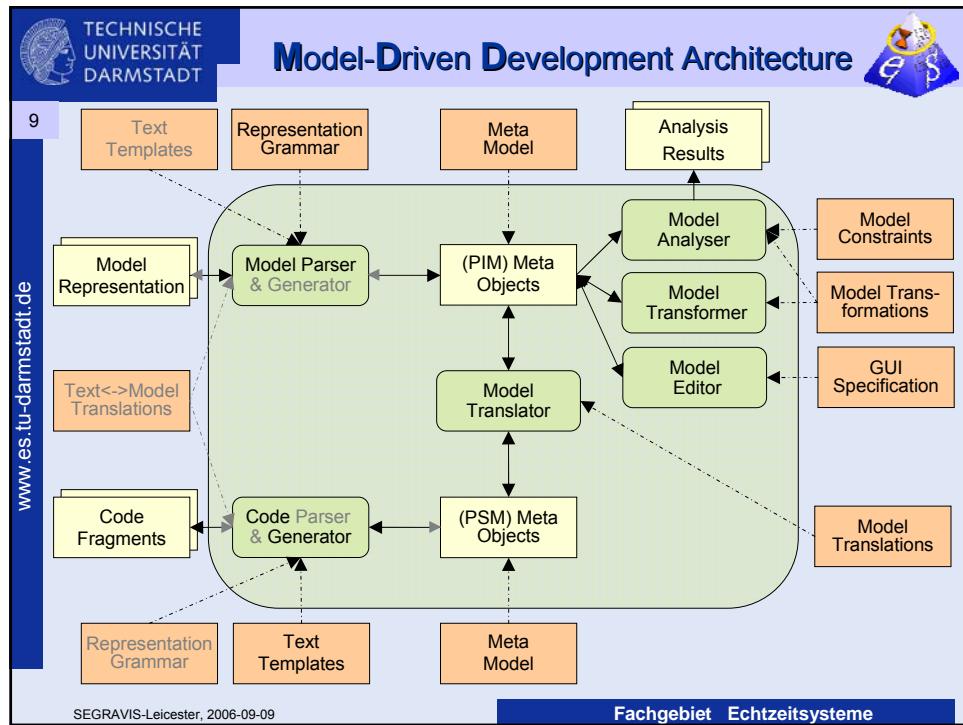
- Languages and Tools for Model-Driven Development
 - OMG's Model Driven Architecture (MDA)
 - Model-Driven Software Development (MDD)
 - MDD requirements derived from industrial case study
- From MDD to the World of Graph Transformations
 - Comparison of Meta-Case, Model/Graph Transformation Tools
 - MOFLON = OMG standards + graph transformation technology
 - MOFLON architecture and sublanguages
- ... and Back Again
 - Status quo and future of MOFLON
 - Status quo of MDA/MDD/DSL/Meta-Case/... tools in general

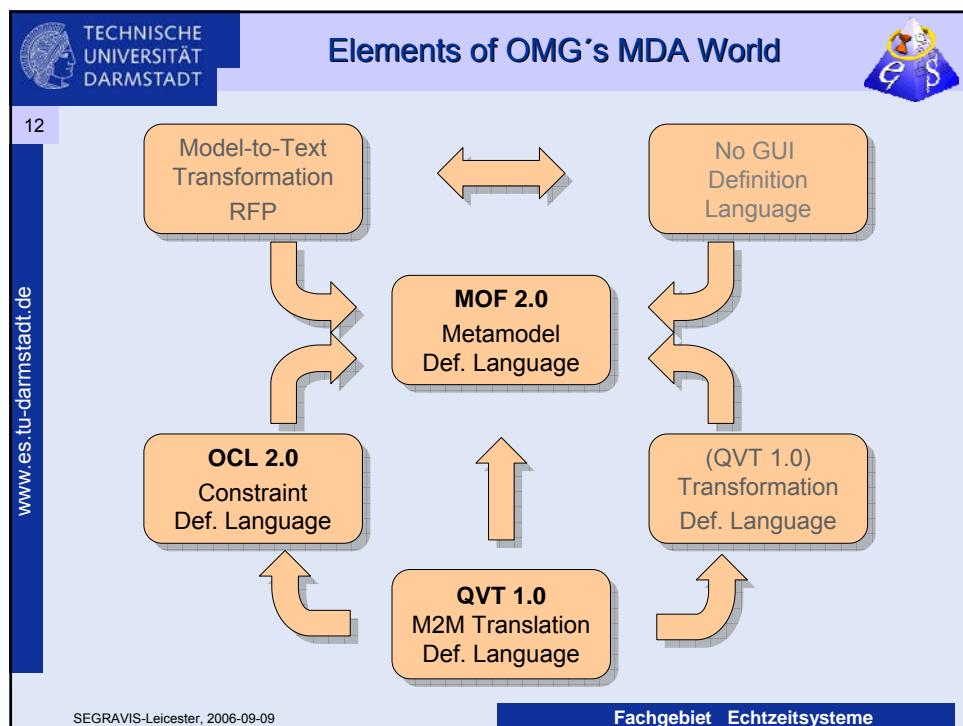
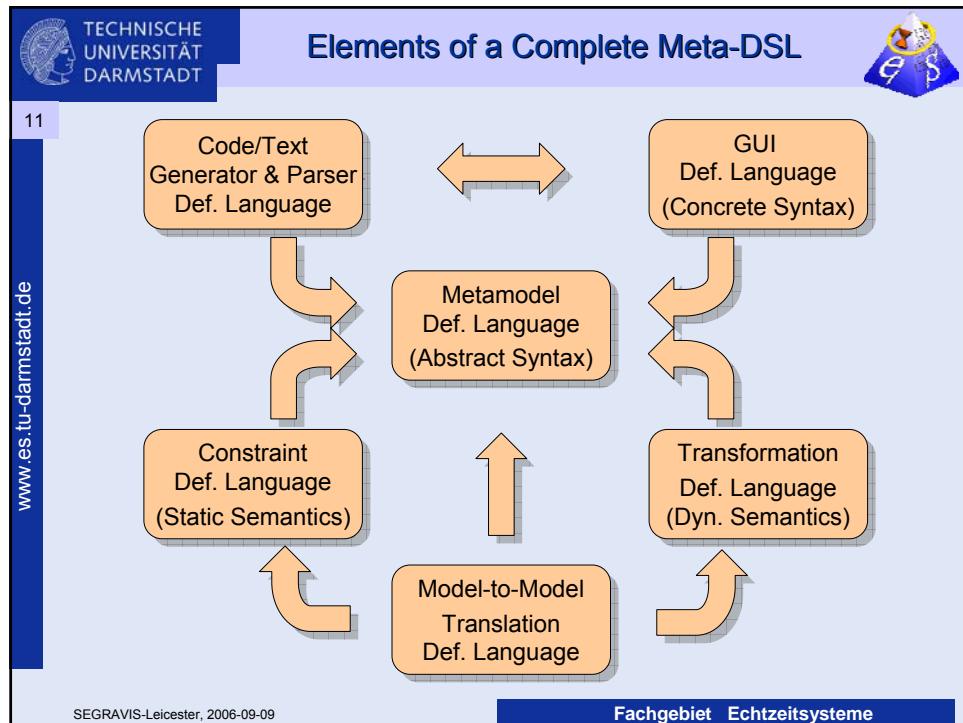
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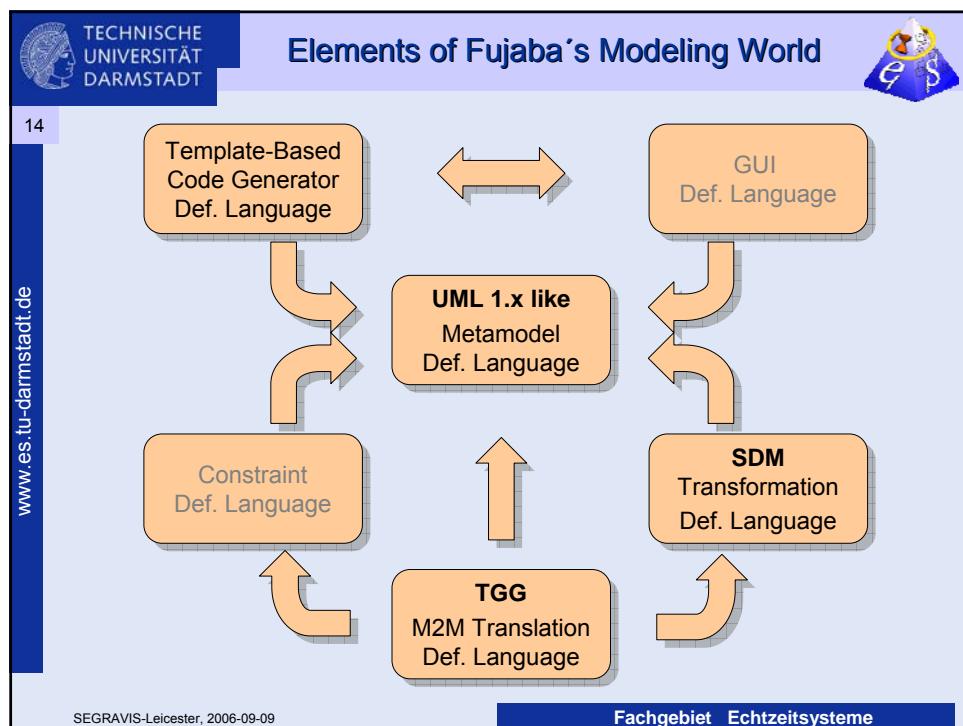
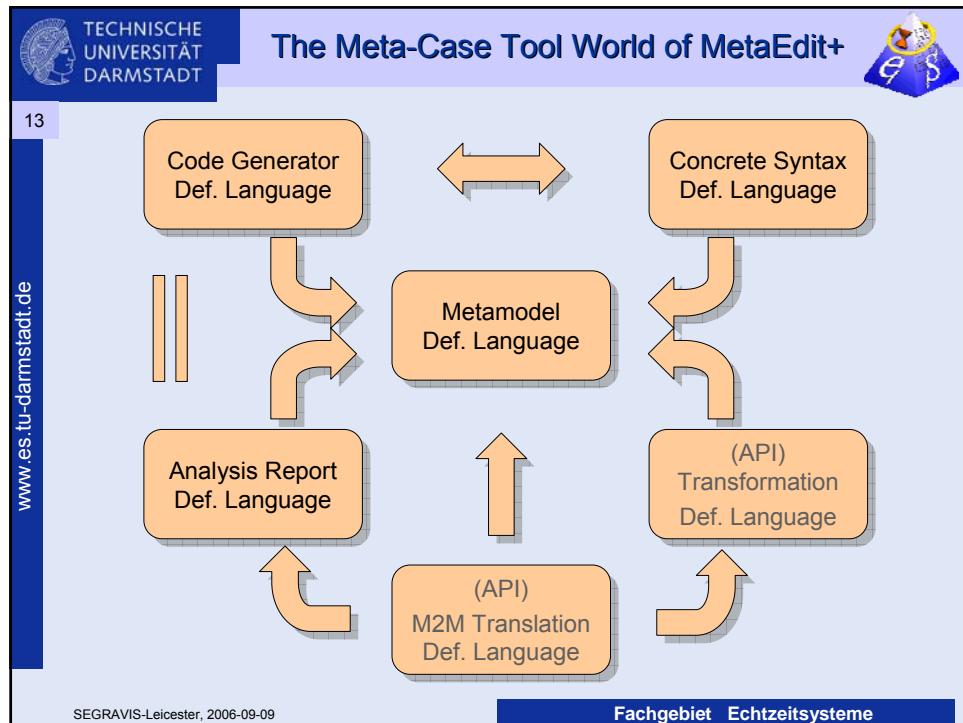
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MDD / DSL Languages - Summary



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	OMG Languages	AMMA (INRIA)	Arc-Styler	GME (Vanderbilt)	...	Fujaba
Metamodel Def. Lang.	MOF	KM3	UML Profile	GME 5.0		UML 1.x
GUI Def. Lang.	-	-	-	GME 5.0		-
Constraint Def. Lang.	OCL	ATL / OCL	OCL	-		-
Model Trafo Def. Lang.	QVT ¹	ATL	?	GReAT		SDM
M2M Trans. Def. Lang.	QVT	ATL / AMW ²	AIM ²	GReAT ²		TGG
Code Gen. Def. Lang.	-	TCS	Carttridges	-		Velocity

1: QVT has been designed for model-to-model translation purposes
 2: ATL, AIM, and GReAT are unidirectional model translation languages

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MOFLON = OMG Standards + Fujaba



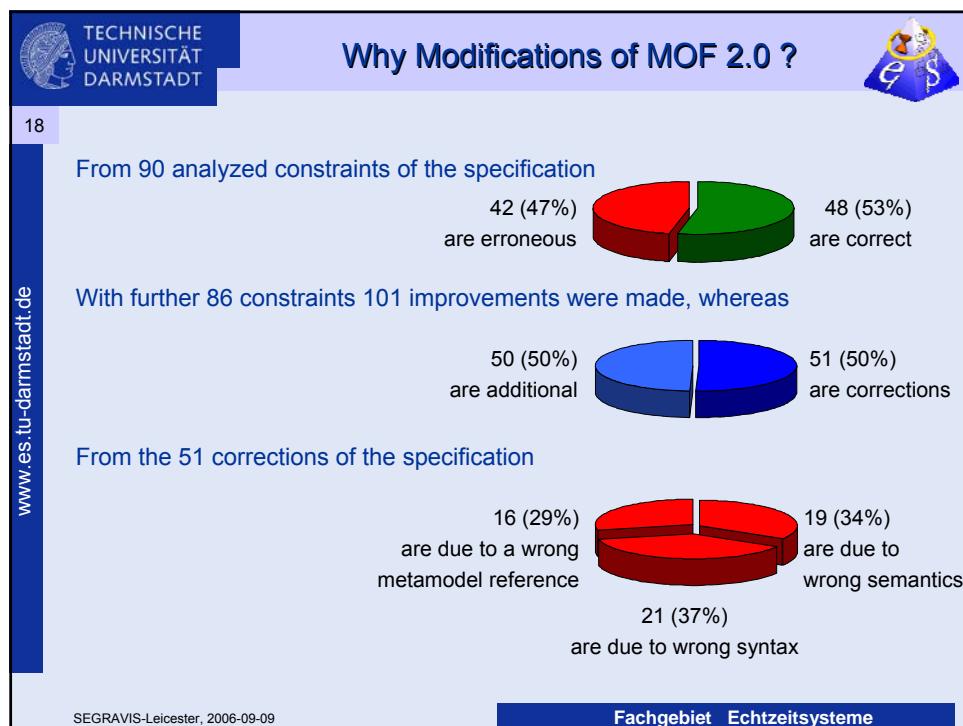
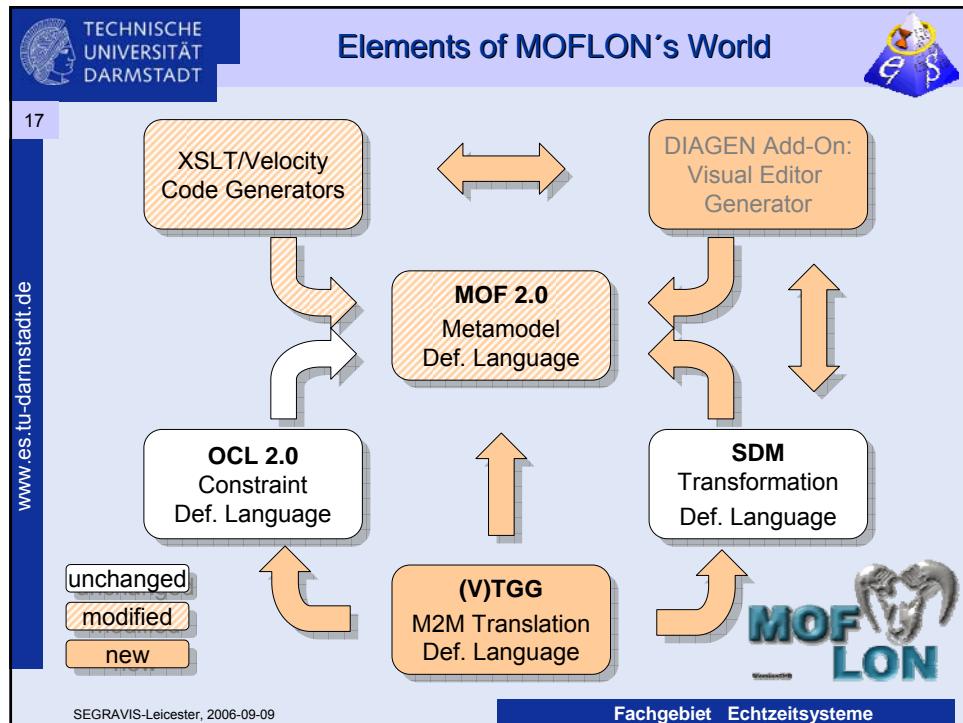
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- **MOF 2.0** as metamodeling language
 - standard-compliant metamodeling approach
 - new modularization / model refinement concepts
- **OCL 2.0** as constraint definition language
 - well-known textual model property definition language
 - Dresden OCL Compiler (planned add-on: incr. evaluation)
- **SDM** = graph transformations + UML activity diagrams
 - UML-inspired visual model transformation language
 - multi-paradigmatic (rule-based, imperative) approach
- **(V)TGGs** = MOF-compliant triple graph grammars
 - bidirectional, declarative model translation approach
 - planned add-on: declarative view-definition approach
- **JMI**-compliant Java code generators (Sun Standard)

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Typical MOFLON Applications

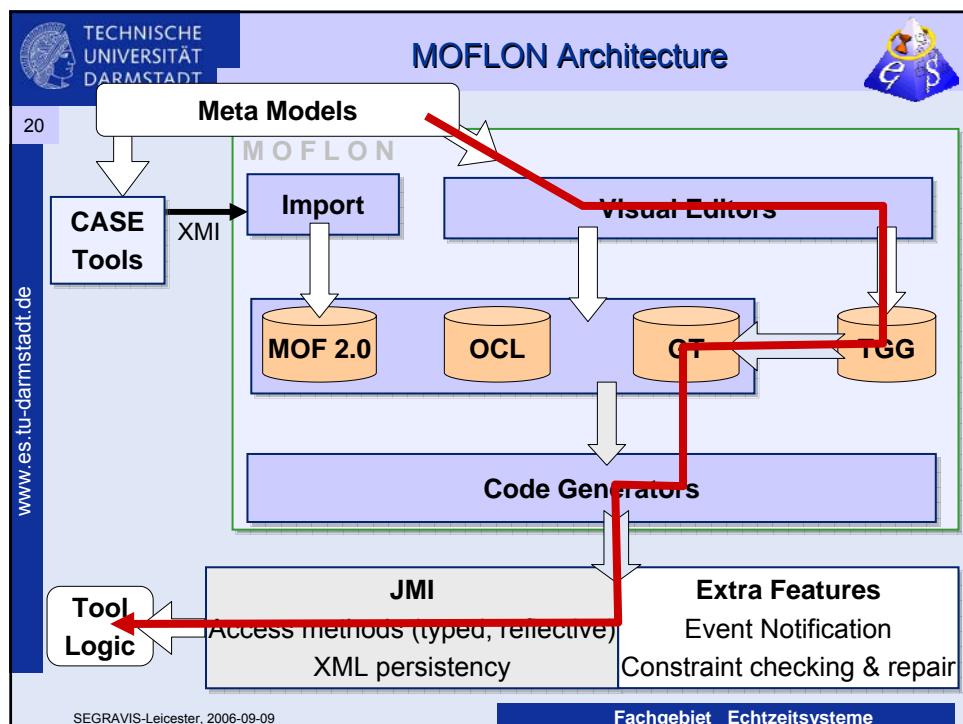
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- system engineering **tool integration**
(ToolNet project with DaimlerChrysler et al.)
- model analysis / **design guideline checking**
(Matlab Simulink/Stateflow with DaimlerChrysler et al.)
- software analysis / **reverse engineering**
(based on experiences at Philips Medical Research)
- visual **DSL editor development**
(ECLIPSE plug-ins in cooperation with UniBw)
- ...

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Running Example: Model integration

The screenshot shows two integrated software environments. On the left, the DOORS Requirements Engineering Tool displays a use case diagram for 'Cruise Control' with actors 'Driver' and 'Engine' interacting via 'Control Speed' and 'Detect Cruise Control Lever Position'. On the right, the Enterprise Architect UML Modeling Tool shows a detailed use case description for '1.1 Detect Cruise Control Lever Position'. A large orange arrow points from the DOORS interface towards the Enterprise Architect interface, indicating the flow of model integration.

DOORS:
Requirements
Engineering Tool

Enterprise Architect:
UML Modeling Tool

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Model Instance = Object Graph

The screenshot illustrates the formalization of a DOORS requirement ('Cruise Control') into a formal object graph. The formal module 'Cruise Control' is shown with its use cases and attributes. A specific use case, '1.1 Detect Cruise Control Lever Position', is expanded to show its attributes and descriptions. These are mapped to formal objects: 'UseCase' for the use case itself, 'Control...' for the control attribute, and 'Attributes' for the list of attributes. Arrows indicate the relationships between the formal objects and the corresponding parts of the DOORS requirement.

:FormalModule
name="Cruise Control"

:FormalObject
heading="UseCase"

:FormalObject
heading="Control..."

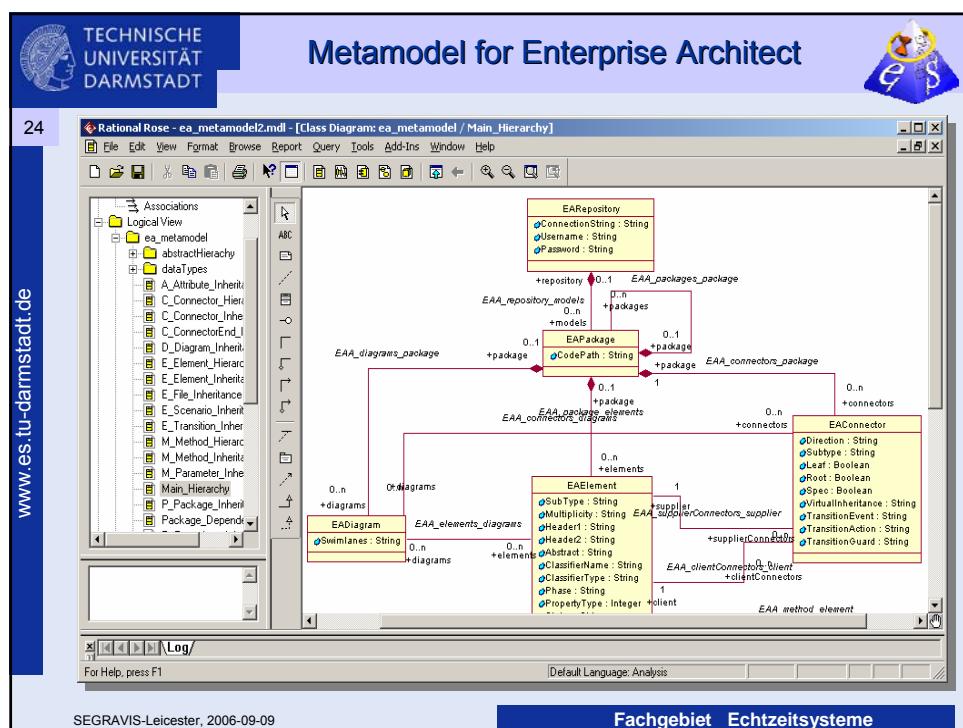
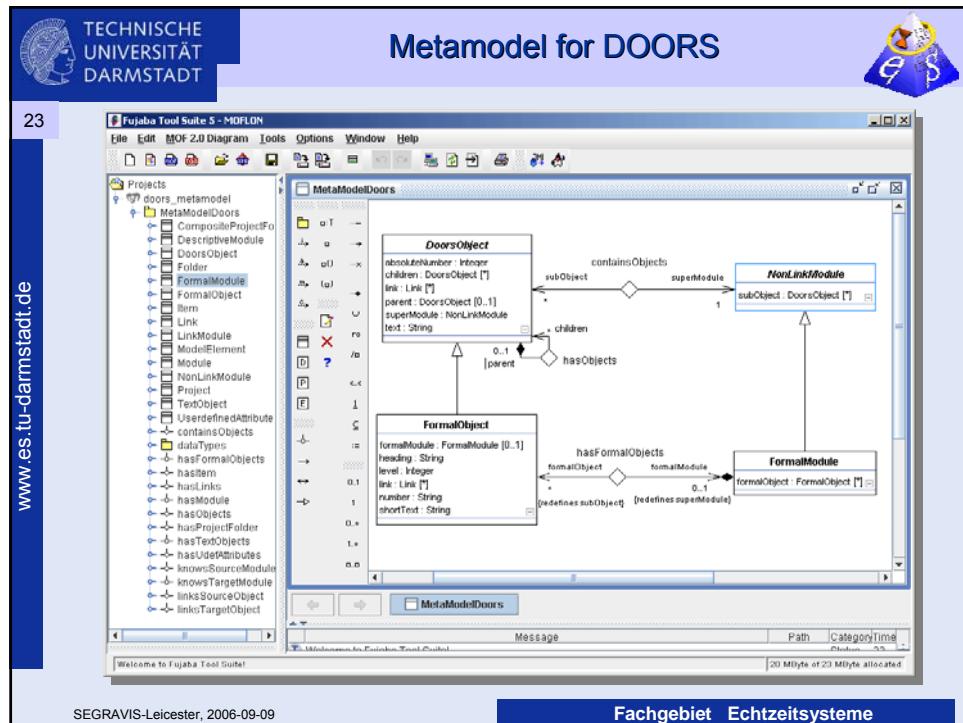
:FormalObject
heading="Attributes"

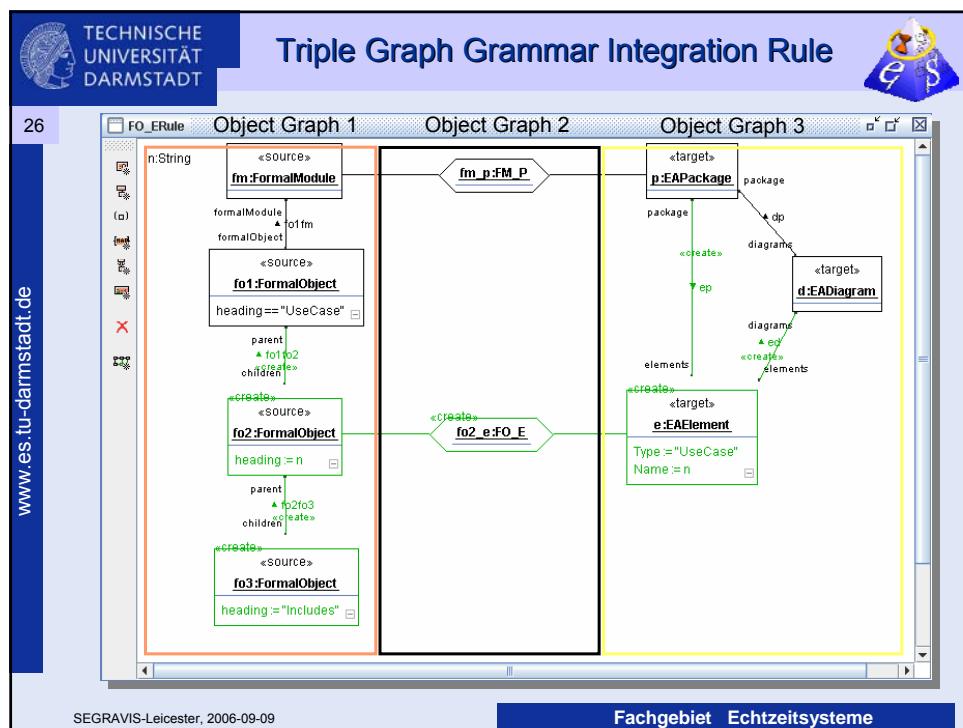
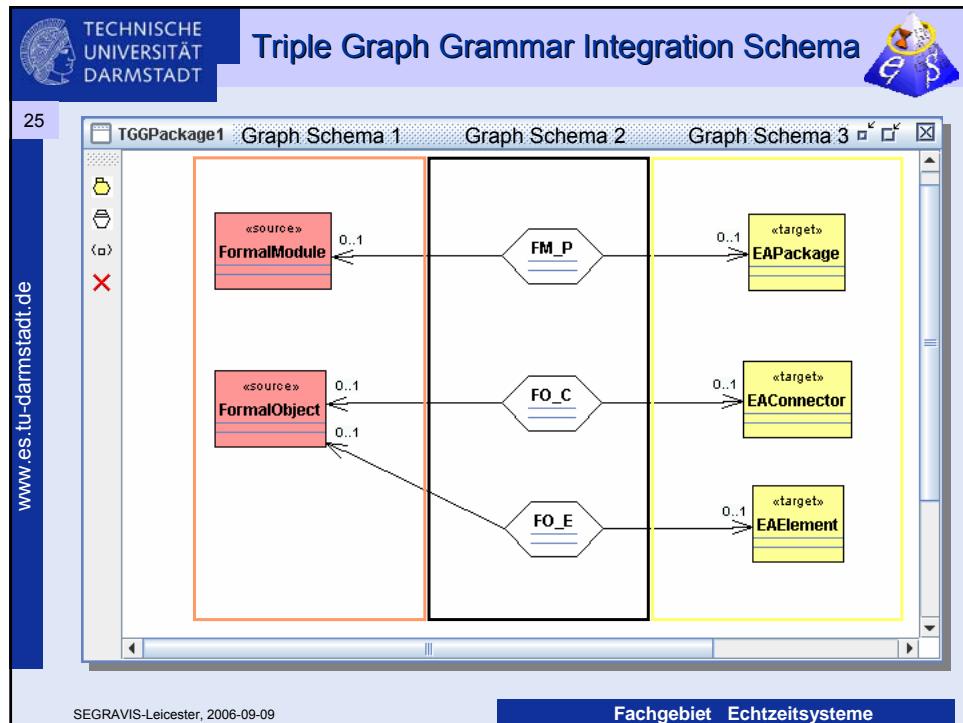
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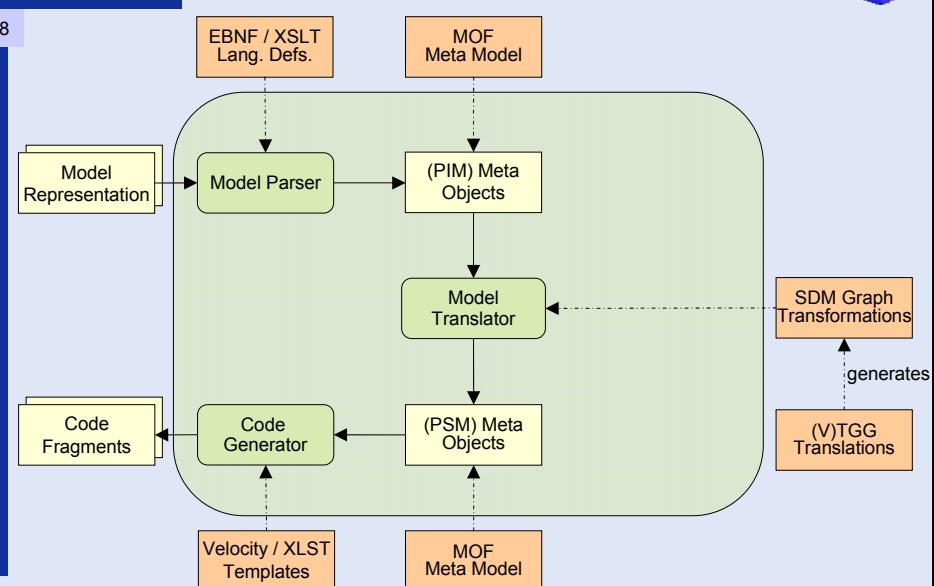
- Integration rules are declarative
- Standard SDM rules are generated:
 - check consistency
 - create traceability links
 - **forward transformation**
 - backward transformation
 - forward attribute propagation
 - backward attribute propagation
 - remove traceability links
 - forward deletion propagation
 - backward deletion propagation
 - ...

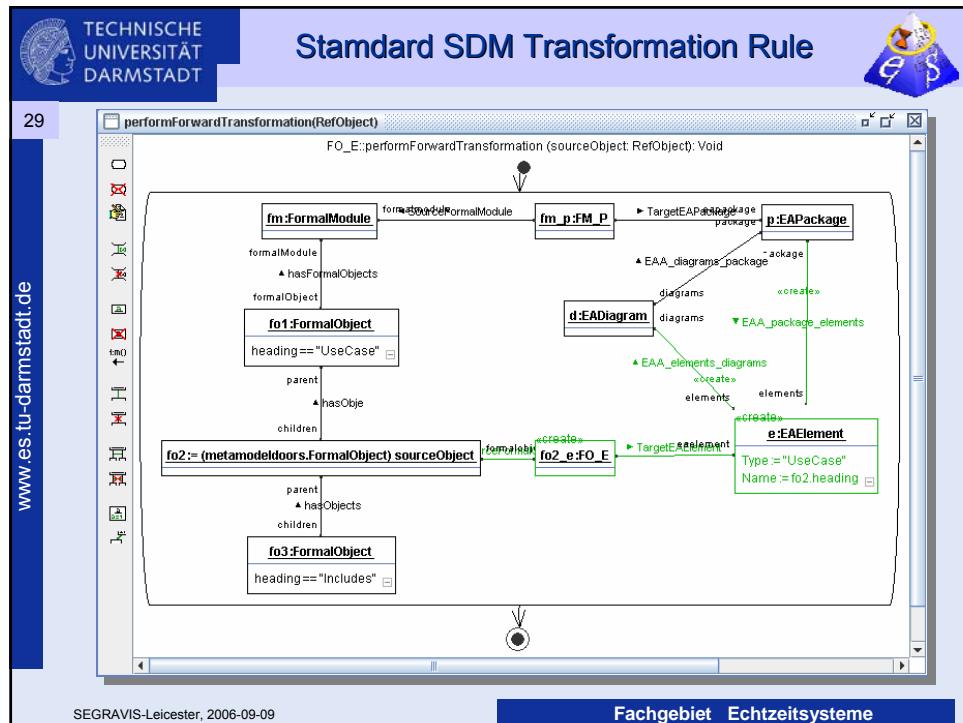
Example: Generate use case diagrams from requirements



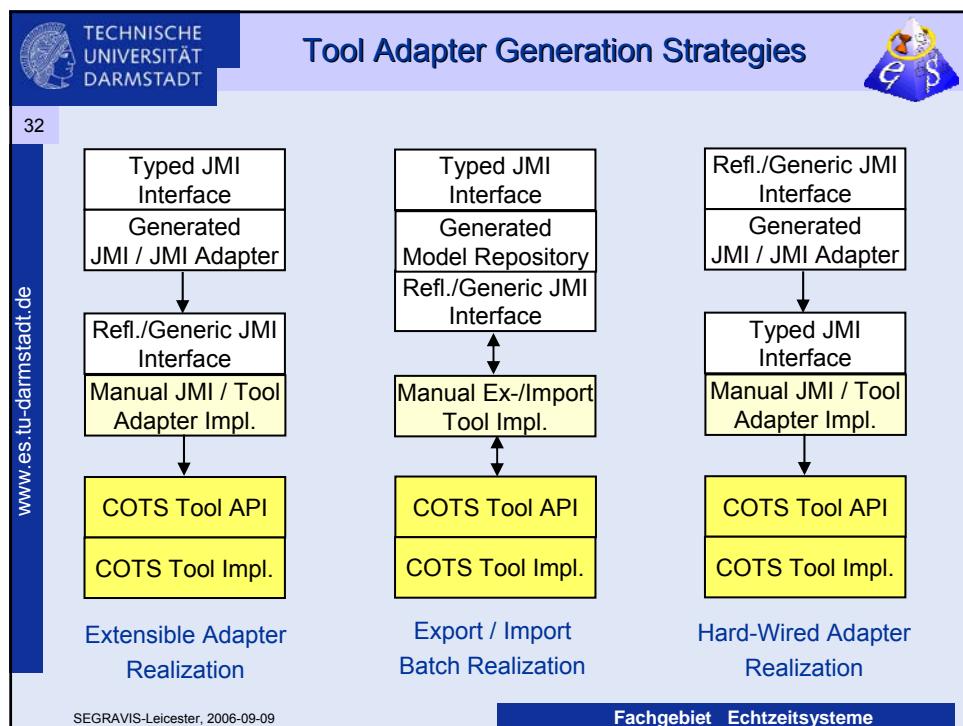
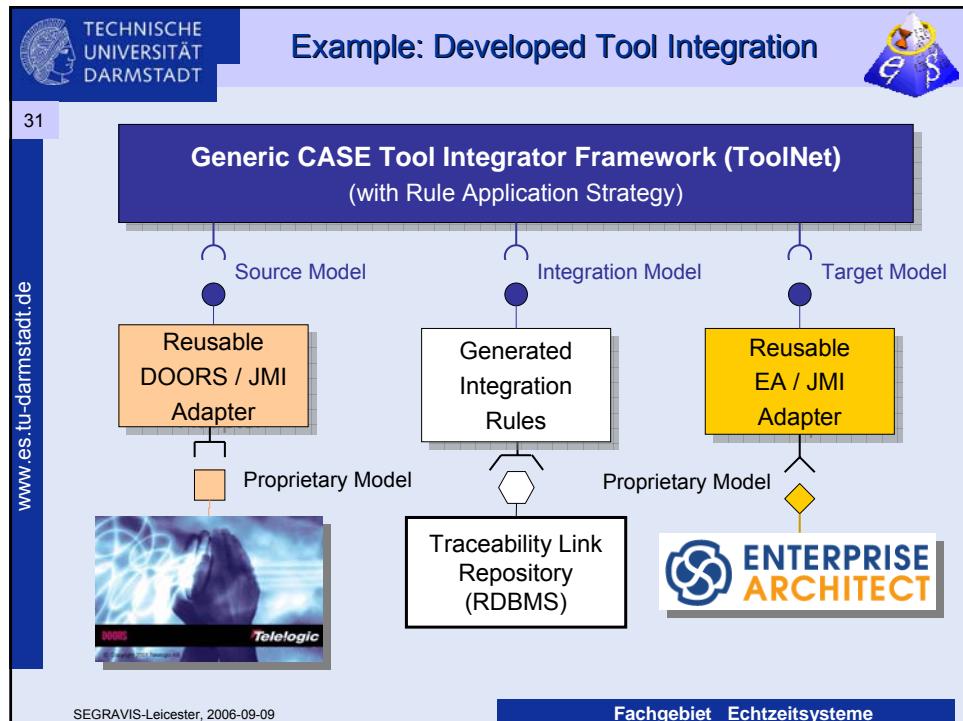
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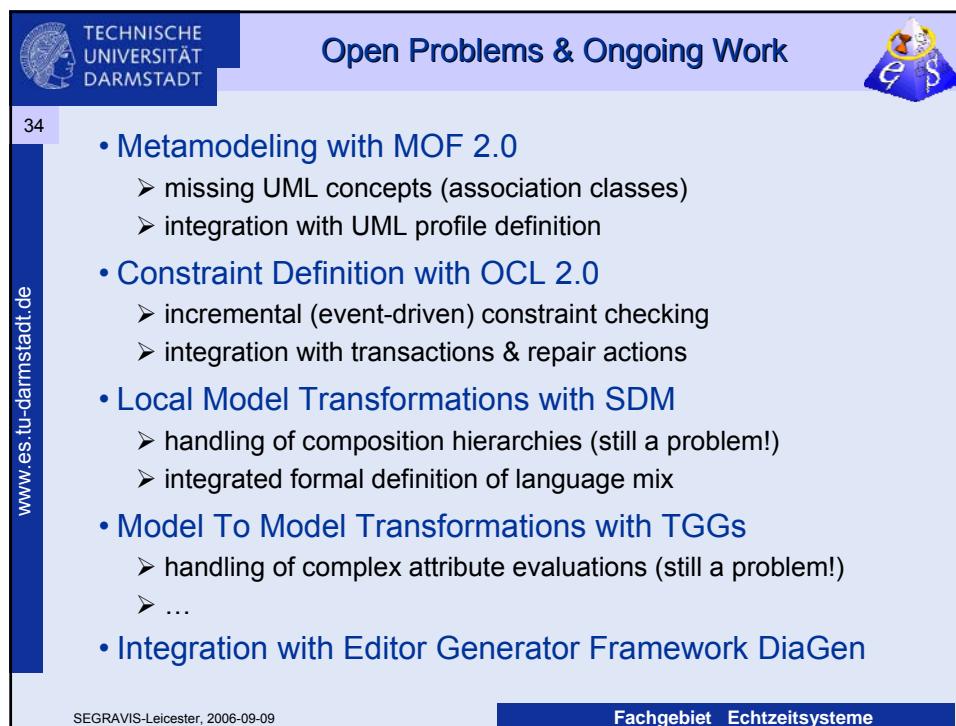
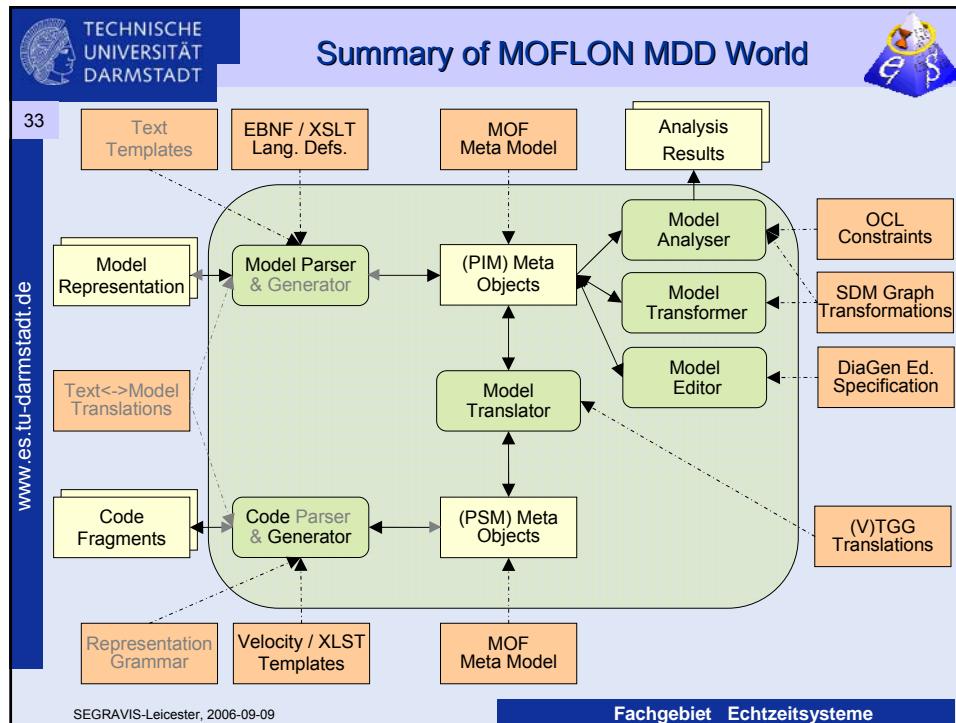
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- JMI-compliant Java code
 - in-memory repository
 - type-safe interfaces
 - reflective/generic interfaces
 - XML persistency
 - operational transformation rules → method bodies
 - MDR-compatible interfaces and event mechanism
(MDR = Sun's Meta Data Repository)
 - Under Development:
 - code for constraint checking (from OCL constraints)
 - code for constraint repairs (from transformations)







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- Model-Driven Development (MDD) is a “hot topic” of the Software Engineering Community
 - with all the resulting pros and cons ...
- MDD combines established techniques of last millennium
 - meta-modeling / meta-case tool technology
 - stepwise refinement of specifications / models
 - compiler compiler technology
 - ...
- OMG’s MDA and other institution’s Meta-Case Tools for Domain-Specific Languages (DSLs) are variations of MDD
- Currently available (commercial / academic) MDD tools
 - support only subsets of all MDD activities
 - lacks formal definition (available for graph transformations)